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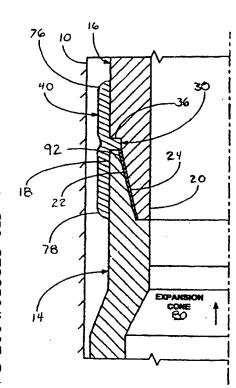
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(54) Title: INTERPOSED JOINT SEALING LAYER METHOD OF FORMING A WELLBORE CASING



(57) Abstract: A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole (10) that traverses a subterranean formation, is provided by assembling a tubular liner by coupling a multi-layer tubular insert (92) threaded portion (24) of a first tubular member (16), and coupling a threaded portion (22) of a second tubular member (14) to the threaded portions (24) of the first (16) tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert (92), the tubular liner assembly is positioned within the borehole (10); and the tubular liner assembly within the borehole (10) is radially expanded and plastically deformed. The multi-layer tubular insert (92) includes a first tubular insert having a first modulus of elasticity; and a second modulus of elasticity. The first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.

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Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S.: 166/207,380,206,313,381,242.6; 285/33353; 403/179,273				
Documentation	on searched other than minimum documentation to the	extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched	
	ta base consulted during the international search (name ontinuation Sheet	of data base and, where practicable, sea	arch terms used)	
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where a	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
A, P	US 2003/0067166 A1 (SILVEY, IV) 10 April 2003	(10.04.2003), whole document.	1-5	
A	US 1,613,461 A (JOHNSON) 4 January 1927 (04.01	.1927), whole document.	1-5	
A	US 5,314,014 A (TUCKER) 24 May 1994 (24. 05.1994), whole document.		1-5	
A	US 4,614,233 A (MENARD) 30 September 1986 (30.09.1986), whole document.		1-5	
Further	documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex.		
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"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		"Y" document of particular relevance; the considered to involve an inventive at combined with one or more other su	when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art	
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Date of the actual completion of the international search		Date of mailing of the international search report		
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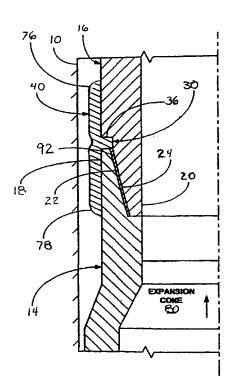
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(57) Abstract: A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole (10) that traverses a subterranean formation, is provided by assembling a tubular liner by coupling a multi-layer tubular insert (92) threaded portion (24) of a first tubular member (16), and coupling a threaded portion (22) of a second tubular member (14) to the threaded portions (24) of the first (16) tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert (92), the tubular liner assembly is positioned within the borehole (10); and the tubular liner assembly within the borehole (10); and the tubular liner assembly within the borehole (10) is radially expanded and plastically deformed. The multi-layer tubular insert (92) includes a first tubular insert having a first modulus of elasticity; and a second tubular insert coupled to the first tubular insert having a second modulus of elasticity. The first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.

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AMENDED CLAIMS

[0059]

[received by the International Bureau on 10 June 2004 (10.06.04); original claims 1-5 replaced by new claims 1-72 (8 pages)]

Claims

What is claimed is:

 A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

assembling a tubular liner by a process comprising:

coupling a multi-layer tubular insert assembly to a threaded portion of a first tubular member; and

coupling a threaded portion of a second tubular member to the threaded portion of the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert;

positioning the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; wherein the multilayer tubular insert comprises:

- a first tubular insert having a first modulus of elasticity; and
- a second tubular insert coupled to the first tubular insert having a second modulus of elasticity;
- wherein the first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second tubular inserts comprise metallic materials.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the first tubular insert comprises copper; and wherein the second tubular insert comprises cadmium.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular inserts are less than the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular members.
- A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

assembling a tubular liner by a process comprising:

coupling a multilayer tubular insert assembly to a threaded portion of a first tubular member; and

coupling a threaded portion of a second tubular member to the threaded portion of the first tubular member and the multilayer tubular insert;

positioning the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly within the borehole;

one of the layers of the multilayer tubular insert providing a fluidio seal after radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly; and another one of the layers of the multilayer insert providing a micro fluidic seal after radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly.

- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the modulus of elasticity for at least one of the tubular inserts is less than the modulus of elasticity of the first and second tubular members.
- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the modulus of elasticity for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert is less than the modulus of elasticity of the first and second tubular members.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the melting point for at least one of the tubular inserts prior to the radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.

- 9. The method of claim 5, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert prior to the radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the tubular inserts releases energy during the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 11. The method of claim 5, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases energy during the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: coupling a tubular sleeve to the first and second tubular member.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.
- 14. The method of claim 12, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.

16. The method of claim 5, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: coupling a tubular sleeve to the first and second tubular member.

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.
- 19. The method of claim 5, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.
- 20. A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

assembling a tubular liner by a process comprising:

coupling a multi-layer tubular insert assembly to a threaded portion of a first tubular member, and

coupling a threaded portion of a second tubular member to the threaded portion of the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert;

positioning the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly within the borehole.

- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: coupling a tubular sleeve to the first and second tubular member.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.
- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.
- 24. The method of claim 20, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.
- 25. The method of claim 20, wherein the modulus of elasticity for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert is less than the modulus of elasticity of the first and second tubular members.
- 26. The method of claim 20, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the

multilayer insert prior to the radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.

- 27. The method of claim 20, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases energy during the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 23. A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

assembling a tubular liner by a process comprising:

coupling a multi-layer tubular insert assembly to an end of a first tubular member, and coupling an end of a second tubular member to the end of the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert;

positioning the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly within the borehole.

- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: coupling a tubular sleeve to the first and second tubular member.
- 30. The method of claim 28, wherein assembling the tubular liner further comprises: concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.
- 31. The method of claim 28, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert prior to the radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 32. The method of claim 28, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases energy during the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 33. The method of claim 28, wherein the multilayer tubular insert comprises:
 - a first tubular insert having a first modulus of clasticity; and
 - a second tubular insert coupled to the first tubular insert having a second modulus of elasticity;
 - wherein the first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.
- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the first and second tubular inserts comprise metallic materials.

- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the first tubular insert comprises copper; and wherein the second tubular insert comprises cadmium.
- 36. The method of claim 33, wherein the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular inserts are less than the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular members.
- 37. A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

assembling a tubular liner by a process comprising:

coupling an end of a first tubular member to an end of a second tubular member; and coupling a tubular sleeve to the ends of the first and second tubular members; positioning the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular liner assembly within the borehole; wherein coupling the tubular sleeve to the ends of the first and second tubular members comprises applying magnetic energy to the tubular sleeve.

- 38. A tubular liner apparatus, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising a threaded portion;
 - a multi-layer tubular insert coupled to the threaded portion of the first tubular member; and
 - a second tubular member comprising a threaded portion coupled to the threaded portion of the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert;
 - wherein the multilayer tubular insert comprises:
 - a first tubular insert having a first modulus of elasticity; and
 - a second tubular insert coupled to the first tubular insert having a second modulus of elasticity; wherein the first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.
- 39. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the first and second tubular inserts comprise metallic materials.
- 40. The apparatus of claim 39, wherein the first tubular insert comprises copper; and wherein the second tubular insert comprises cadmium.
- 41. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular inserts are less than the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular members.

42. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the melting point for at least one of the tubular inserts prior to a radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.

- 43. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein at least one of the tubular inserts releases energy during a radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 44. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the apparatus further comprises: a tubular sleeve coupled to the first and second tubular member.
- 45. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.
- 46. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.

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- 47. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the apparatus further comprises: means for concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular members.
- 48. A tubular liner apparatus, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising a threaded portion;
 - a multi-layer tubular insert coupled to the threaded portion of the first tubular member; and
 - a second tubular member comprising a threaded portion coupled to the threaded portion of the

first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert;

- wherein one of the layers of the multilayer tubular insert provide a fluidic seal; and wherein another one of the layers of the multilayer insert provide a micro fluidic seal.
- 49. The apparatus of claim 48, wherein the modulus of elasticity for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert is less than the modulus of elasticity of the first and second tubular members.
- 50. The apparatus of claim 48, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert prior to a radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 51. The apparatus of claim 48, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases energy during a radial expansion and plastic deformation.

52. The apparatus of claim 48, further comprising: a tubular sleeve coupled to the first and second tubular member.

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- 54. The apparatus of claim 52, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.

53. The apparatus of claim 52, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.

- 55. The apparatus of claim 48, further comprising:
 means for concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.
- 56. A tubular liner apparatus, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising a threaded portion;
 - a multi-layer tubular insert coupled to the threaded portion of the first tubular member; and
 - a second tubular member comprising a threaded portion coupled to the threaded portion of the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert.
- 57. The apparatus of claim 56, wherein the apparatus further comprises: a tubular sleeve coupled to the first and second tubular member.
- 58. The apparatus of claim 57, wherein the sleeve receives the first and second tubular members.
- 59. The apparatus of claim 57, wherein the sleeve is received within the first and second tubular members.
- 60. The apparatus of claim 56, further comprising: means for concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.
- 61. The apparatus of claim 56, wherein the modulus of elasticity for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert is less than the modulus of elasticity of the first and second tubular members.
- 62. The apparatus of claim 56, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert prior to a radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 63. The apparatus of claim 56, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases

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energy during a radial expansion and plastic deformation.

- 64. A tubular liner apparatus, comprising:
 - a first tubular member;
 - a multi-layer tubular insert coupled to the first tubular member; and
 - a second tubular member coupled to the first tubular member and the multi-layer tubular insert.
- 65. The apparatus of claim 64, further comprising:
 - a tubular sleeve coupled to the first and second tubular member.
- 66. The apparatus of claim 64, further comprising:

means for concentrating contact stresses between the first and second tubular member.

- 67. The apparatus of claim 64, wherein the melting point for at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert prior to a radial expansion and plastic deformation is less than the melting point after the radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 68. The apparatus of claim 64, wherein at least one of the layers of the multilayer insert releases energy during a radial expansion and plastic deformation.
- 69. The apparatus of claim 64, wherein the multilayer tubular insert comprises:
 - a first tubular insert having a first modulus of elasticity; and
 - a second tubular insert coupled to the first tubular insert having a second modulus of elasticity;
 - wherein the first modulus of elasticity is different from the second modulus of elasticity.
- 70. The apparatus of claim 69, wherein the first and second tubular inserts comprise metallic materials.
- 71. The apparatus of claim 70, wherein the first tubular insert comprises copper, and wherein the second tubular insert comprises cadmium.
- 72. The apparatus of claim 69, wherein the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular inserts are less than the modulus of elasticities of the first and second tubular members.

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